

African Grey Parrot

Psittacus erithacus



Where Animals Always Come First

CARE SHEET

Developed with and approved by a Qualified Veterinarian

African Greys are the best-known parrot in Europe and perhaps the best mimicking parrot. They are alert, highly intelligent, gentle and affectionate. African Greys have been referred to as “the perfect mix of brains and beauty.”



Is an African grey the right companion animal for you?

Yes	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Check “Yes” or “No” after reading the following statements:

1. I have an appropriate and safe space for this bird.
2. I know that choosing this bird can be a lifelong commitment.
3. I will provide daily, supervised time for this bird outside a cage.
4. The natural sounds of this bird will be acceptable to family members and neighbors.
5. A mature person will provide responsible and primary care for this companion animal.

If you answered, “Yes” to these statements, an African grey may be the right choice for you! Continue reading about how to care for an African grey and consult with a PETCO associate to learn more. PETCO is committed to responsible companion animal care.

Average Size 10 or 14 inches long **Life Span** 40+ years or more with proper care

Diet Specialized pelleted diets are highly recommended and should consist of 60–70% of the diet; use fortified seeds in moderation as they are higher in fat and less nutritious than pellets

Fresh fruits and vegetables, such as grapes, bananas, cantaloupe, broccoli, and carrots

Clean, fresh, filtered and chlorine-free water changed daily

Do not feed birds fruit seeds, avocados, chocolate, alcohol or caffeine as these can cause serious medical problems

Feeding If your bird is used to a seed diet, convert to pellets gradually

Fresh pellets or seeds and fresh, clean, chlorine-free water should always be available

Fresh fruits and vegetables should be given daily; discard when not eaten within 24 hours; parrots appreciate quality and variety in their food

Housing Birds acclimate well to average household temperatures; be cautious of extreme temperature change; cage should be placed off the floor in an area that is well-lit and away from drafts

A cage approximately 30" W x 30" D x 36" H, with metal bars spaced no greater than 3/4" apart, makes a good home for your parrot; as with all animals, it is best to provide the largest habitat possible; a flight cage is strongly recommended

Perches should be at least 9" long and 3/4-1" in diameter; a variety of perch sizes to exercise feet and help prevent arthritis is recommended

A metal grate over the droppings tray will keep the bird away from droppings; line the droppings tray with cage paper or appropriate substrate for easier cleaning; to avoid contamination, do not place food or water containers under perches

Bird owners should avoid non-stick cookware and appliances as they can release fumes hazardous to your birds health

Recommended Supplies	<input type="checkbox"/> Cage and cage cover	<input type="checkbox"/> Food dish	<input type="checkbox"/> Treats
	<input type="checkbox"/> Cage paper or substrate	<input type="checkbox"/> Water dish	<input type="checkbox"/> Play gym
	<input type="checkbox"/> Pellets and fortified seed	<input type="checkbox"/> Grooming spray	<input type="checkbox"/> Variety of perches
	<input type="checkbox"/> Nail clippers	<input type="checkbox"/> Mineral block	<input type="checkbox"/> Variety of toys
	<input type="checkbox"/> Styptic gel	<input type="checkbox"/> Vitamin supplements	<input type="checkbox"/> Book about African greys

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Normal Behavior and Interaction

Able to learn a large vocabulary with human-like inflections; love to learn tricks and games
Gentle; need lots of stimulating toys

Habitat Maintenance

Clean and disinfect the cage and perches regularly; replace substrate or cage liner weekly or more often if needed; replace food and water daily

Replace perches, dishes, and toys when worn or damaged; rotate new toys into the habitat regularly

Ensure that there are no cage parts or toys with lead, zinc or lead and lead-based paints or galvanized parts as these can cause serious medical issues if ingested by your bird

Grooming and Hygiene

Provide filtered, chlorine-free, lukewarm water regularly for bathing; remove the water when done; as an alternative, mist the bird with water or a grooming spray

Clipping flight feathers is not necessary, but when done correctly it can help prevent injury or escape; consult an avian veterinarian on what is best for your bird

Nails should be trimmed by a qualified person to prevent injury to the bird

Signs of a Healthy Bird

- Active, alert, and sociable
- Dry nostrils and bright, dry eyes
- Clean, dry vent
- Chews and drinks throughout the day
- Beak, legs, and feet appear normal
- Smooth, well-groomed feathers

Common Health Issues

Health Issue	Symptoms or Causes	Suggested Action
Chlamydiosis	Appetite loss, fluffed feathers, nasal discharge.	Seek immediate veterinary attention.
Diarrhea	Fecal portion of stool not formed. Multiple causes, from change in diet to internal parasites.	Seek veterinary attention. Ensure correct diet. Reduce fruit intake.
Proventricular Dilatation Disease	Depression, weight loss, passing undigested food.	Seek immediate veterinary attention.

Red Flags

- Beak swelling or accumulations
- Wheezing or coughing
- Eye or nasal discharge
- Fluffed, plucked, or soiled feathers
- Runny or discolored stools
- Red or swollen eyes
- Sitting on floor of habitat
- Favoring one foot
- Loss of appetite

If you notice any of these signs, please contact your avian veterinarian.

Sources

Parrots and Related Birds by Henry J. Bates and Robert L. Busenbark

Parrots: Selection, Care and Training by H.W.S. Russell

The African Grey Handbook by Mattie Sue Athlan and Dianalee Deter

Note: The information on this Care Sheet is not a substitute for veterinary care. If you need additional information, please refer to the above sources or contact your veterinarian as appropriate.